# Common Ferns of the Arid West Region

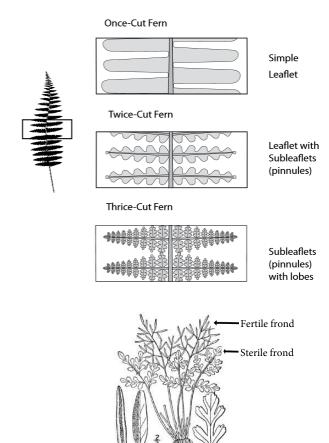


\*Caution-This is a limited species key NWPL

<ol> <li>Ferns with 2 types of fronds* (sterile and fertile) as separate leaf structures</li></ol>
2. Ferns with once cut fronds, pinnae with a "thumb" shape at the base
2. Ferns with twice or three times (thrice) cut fronds.*
3. Ferns with twice cut fronds and elongated sori arranged in chains**
3. Ferns with thrice cut fronds, sori not elongated and arranged in chains.
4. Ferns with scaly bases on the greenish stem/frond.
Dryopteris
<ul><li>4. Ferns lacking scales on the stem bases.</li><li>5. Fronds divided from the base forming a cluster of fronds.</li></ul>
6. Fronds wider than 6 inches and taller than 1 foot
6. Fronds smaller than 6 inches wide and one foot
tall
5. Fern fronds divided from a central erect stalk and/or
from near the base but not forming clusters of
fronds.
7. Fronds divided into circular or semi circular shape with black, forked stalks
7. Fronds not divided into circular shape with a
black stalk.
8. Fronds tall and coarse, sori located on margins
of pinnae**

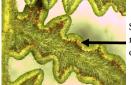
\* Frond(s) is equal to saying leaf or leaves. The smaller leaf units on a frond are referred to as pinnae.

### **Leaflet Shapes**



USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An illustrated flora of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions. 3 vols. Charles Scribner's Sons, New York. Vol. 1: 32.

\*\* Sori are clusters of sac like structures known as sporangia that contain spores, a reproductive unit of ferns.



Sori on margins of pinnae



Elongated sori arranged in chains

© Gerald D. Carr

Cryptogamma stelleri Fragile Rockbrake (FACU)



Polystichum lonchitis Northern Holly Fern (FACU)



## Polystichum munitum Pineland Sword Fern (FACU)



Dryopteris expansa Spreading Wood Fern (FACW)



Woodwardia fimbriata Giant Chain Fern (FACW)



Athyrium americanum American Alpine Lady Fern (FAC)



Athyrium cyclosorum Western Lady Fern (FAC)



Cystopteris fragilis Brittle Bladder Fern (FACU)



Adiantum aleuticum Aleutian Maidenhair (FAC)



Pteridium aquilinum Northern Bracken Fern (FACU)





#### Gymnocarpium dryopteris Northern Oak Fern (FACU)



#### Photo Credits:

<sup>1</sup>Harris, Jessie. Used with permission. Further use requires written permission from photographer.
 <sup>2</sup>Legler, Ben. Used with permission. Further use requires written permission from photographer.
 <sup>3</sup>Carr, Gerald. 2013. Woodwardia Fimbriata. Digital image. Oregon Flora Image Project. University of Hawaii: Botany Department. Web. 2 Feb. 2016. <a href="http://www.botany.hawaii.edu/faculty/carr/ofp/woo\_fim.htm.">http://www.botany.hawaii.edu/faculty/carr/ofp/woo\_fim.htm.</a>>.

<sup>4</sup>Oswald, Vernon H. Used with permission. Further use requires written permission from photographer. <sup>5</sup>Harrod, Richy J. Used with permission. Further use requires written permission from photographer. <sup>6</sup>Slichter, Paul. 2008. Oak Ferns of Mt. Adams: The Genus Gymnocarpium. Digital image. Flora & Fauna Northwest. Gresham High School. Web. <a href="https://science.halleyhosting.com/nature/">https://science.halleyhosting.com/nature/</a>.

<sup>7</sup>Robert H. Mohlenbrock, hosted by the USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / USDA NRCS. 1992. Western wetland flora: Field office guide to plant species. West Region, Sacramento.