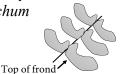
# **Common Ferns of Alaska**



\*Caution-This is a limited species key NWPL

- 1. Ferns with 2 types of fronds\* (sterile and fertile) as separate leaf structures.
  - 2. Fronds once cut, ferns of mesic forest habitats.....Blechnum
  - 2. Fronds twice or three time cut, ferns of moist to rocky habitats.

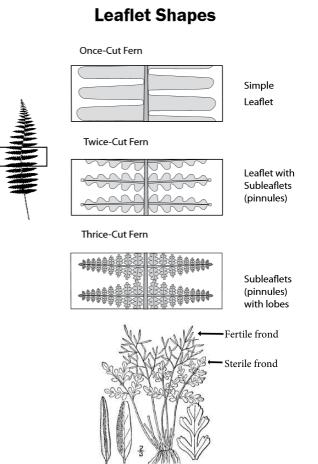
    - 3. Fronds three times cut, ferns many time in rocky habitats ...... *Cryptogamma*
- 1. Ferns with only one type of frond, with or without fertile sori on the single frond type.
  - 4. Fronds divided into circular or semi-circular shape with black, forked stalks ..... *Adiantum*
  - 4. Fronds not divided into circular shape with a black stalk.



- 5. Ferns with twice or three times (thrice) cut fronds\*, lacking thumb shape at base of pinnae.
  - 6. Ferns that have twice cut fronds.
    - 7. Indusium\*\* lacking, final leaflet tips not toothed or tooth-like ...... *Phegopteris*
    - 7. Indusium\*\* round to kidney shaped, final leaflets toothed ..... Dryopteris
  - 6. Ferns with three cut (thrice) fronds.\*
    - 8. Fronds divided from the base forming a cluster of fronds. . . . . . *Athyrium* Cluster



8. Fronds split into a distinct 3 way split; set of fronds from a central point from an erect central stalk......*Gymnocarpium* Forks of frond in same plane \* Frond(s) is equal to saying leaf or leaves. The smaller leaf units on a frond are referred to as pinnae.



USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An illustrated flora of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions. 3 vols. Charles Scribner's Sons, New York. Vol. 1: 32.

\*\* Indusium is the flap or shield covering the sori (clusters of saclike structures (sporangia) housing the spores), the reproductive structure.



Sporangia lacking an indusium



Sporangia with round indusium

#### Blechnum spicant Deer Fern (FAC)



Matteuccia struthiopteris Ostrich Fern (FACW)



## Cryptogramma stelleri Fragile Rockbrake (UPL)



### Adiantum aleuticum Aleutian Maidenhair (FAC)



#### *Polystichum lonchitis* Northern Holly Fern (UPL)



Phegopteris connectilis Narrow Beech Fern (FACU)



## Dryopteris expansa Spreading Wood Fern (FACU)



### Athyrium cyclosorum Western Lady Fern (FAC)



#### *Gymnocarpium dryopteris* Northern Oak Fern (FACU)



Photo Credit:

 $^1$ Robert H. Mohlenbrock, hosted by the USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / USDA NRCS. 1992. Western wetland flora: Field office guide to plant species. West Region, Sacramento.

<sup>2</sup>Rehm, Jennifer. Blechnum Spicant. Digital image. Hansen's The Wild Garden: Northwest Native Plant Database. Jennifer Rehm, 2012. Web. <a href="http://www.nwplants.com/business/catalog/ble\_spi.html">http://www.nwplants.com/business/catalog/ble\_spi.html</a>.

 $^3\mathrm{Copyright}$ © 2007 Louis-M. Landry, hosted by CalPhotos. 2012. Regents of the University of California, Berkeley. Accessed on Feb 3, 2016. Available online at: http://calphotos.berkeley.edu/.

<sup>4</sup>CYSIP. Cryptogramma Stelleri. Digital image. CYSIP: Botany. Central Yukon Species Inventory Project, 2011. Web. 2 Feb. 2016. <a href="http://www.flora.dempstercountry.org">http://www.flora.dempstercountry.org</a>>.

<sup>5</sup>Legler, Ben. Used with permission. Further use requires written permission from photographer.

<sup>6</sup>Slichter, Paul. 2008. Oak Ferns of Mt. Adams: The Genus Gymnocarpium. Digital image. Flora & Fauna Northwest. Gresham High School. Web. <a href="http://science.halleyhosting.com/nature/">http://science.halleyhosting.com/nature/</a>.